AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A high-density recording medium, comprising:

a lead-in area including a control information required for recording or reproducing data on or from the recording medium; and

a burst cutting area <u>located at an inner area other than the lead-in area, the</u>
<u>burst cutting area including a plurality of data units; and</u>

a data area including an address unit,

wherein additional information is recorded on included in at least one of the burst cutting area and the address data unit, while the additional information being used to control a recording or reproduction of the recording medium including at least a medium type information.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the medium type information indicates that the recording medium is a BD-RE (Blu-ray Disc Rewritable) or a BD-ROM a writable medium or read-only medium.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the additional information is recorded in a particular information field included in a data unit of the burst cutting area each data unit is preceded by synch information.

Application No. 10/645,566 Attorney Docket No. 1740-000056/US

- 4. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 3, wherein the particular additional information field is recorded in a first information field included in the data unit.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the additional information is repeatedly recorded in information fields included in a each data unit of the burst cutting area.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the control information in said lead-in area includes the additional information is recorded in a particular address field included in an address unit of a predetermined size in the burst cutting area.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 6, wherein further comprising:

the address unit has a size of 16 addresses x 9 rows (bytes), and the particular address field is a 1-byte address field included in the address unit while corresponding to a row number of '4' and an address number of 'S' ($AF_{4,S}$ (S = 0, 1, ..., 15)) a lead-out area having the control information.

8. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the additional information recorded in the burst cutting area <u>further</u> includes at least one of medium reflectivity information, medium layer information, medium type information, and application indicator information.

Application No. 10/645,566 Attorney Docket No. 1740-000056/US

- 9. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 8, wherein the additional information is identified without requiring any separate decoding eperation further includes a sequence number to identify a data unit.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 8, wherein the medium layer information represents the number of layers included in the recording medium.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 4 10, wherein the control information in said lead-in area includes the additional information recorded in the address unit includes at least one of medium reflectivity information, zone type information, data type information, medium type information, and layer information in the burst cutting area.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 11 9, wherein the zone type additional information represents a current position when a data recording or reproducing operation is carried out, the current position corresponding to a data zone, an inner zone, or an outer zone further includes an application indicator to indicate a use for a copy protection system.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 41 1, wherein the data type additional information represents the type of associated data, the associated data being read-only data, recordable data or rewritable data further includes a reflectivity information, the reflectivity information indicating the reflectivity of the recording medium.

- 14. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 8 13, wherein the medium reflectivity information is required for an optical power control and or an automatic gain control when a data recording or reproducing operation is carried out.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 8

 1, wherein the medium type information represents the type of an optical disc, the optical disc being a BD-ROM (BD-Read Only memory), a BD-R (BD-Recordable), or BD-RE (Blu-ray Disc BD-Rewritable).
- 16. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 41 1, wherein the layer information is information representing the number of layers included in the recording medium or information defining a current layer of the recording medium data unit comprises a plurality of information bytes, the medium type information is included in at least one information byte.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The high-density recording medium according to claim 4 16, wherein the additional medium type information is recorded included in addition to management data located at a leading portion of a data area on the recording medium the first information byte in each data unit.
- 18. (Currently Amended) A recording/reproducing method for recording or reproducing data on or from a high-density optical disc recording medium, comprising the steps of: identifying information recorded in a particular information field included in a at

<u>least one</u> data unit <u>read from of</u> a burst cutting area of the <u>optical disc or in a particular</u> address field included in an address unit read from the <u>optical disc</u> recording medium, the information including at least a medium type information; and

controlling a data recording or reproducing operation, based on the identified information.

- 19. (Currently Amended) The recording/reproducing method according to claim 18, wherein the particular information field is recorded with at least one of disc reflectivity information, disc further includes layer information, disc type information, and application indicator information to indicate the number of layers included in the recording medium, thereby identifying the number of layers of the recording medium.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The recording/reproducing method according to claim 18, wherein the particular address field is recorded with at least one of disc reflectivity information, zone type information, data type information, disc type information, and layer information burst cutting area includes a plurality of data units, the information included in at least one data unit, wherein the identifying step identifies the information by processing the data unit.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The recording/reproducing method according to claim 19 20, wherein the disc layer information represents the number of layers included in the optical disc is repeatedly included in each data unit.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The recording/reproducing method according to claim 19 18, wherein the disc medium type information represents the type of the optical disc, the

Application No. 10/645,566 Attorney Docket No. 1740-000056/US

optical disc being a BD-ROM (BD-Read Only memory), a BD-R (BD-Recordable), or a BD-RE (Blu-ray Disc BD-Rewritable).

- 23. (Currently Amended) The recording/reproducing method according to claim 19 18, wherein the disc reflectivity information is required for an optical power control and an automatic gain control when the data recording or reproducing operation is carried out information includes a reflectivity information of the recording medium, thereby controlling an optical power or an automatic gain for a recording or reproducing operation.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The recording/reproducing method according to claim 18, wherein the identifying step identifies the information recorded in the particular information field is preferentially read when the optical disc recording medium is loaded in an optical disc a recording or reproducing apparatus.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The recording/reproducing method according to claim 18, wherein the <u>identifying step identifies the</u> information recorded in the particular address field is read during the data recording or reproducing operation in an early stage of recording or reproducing data on or from the recording medium.
- 26. Cancelled
- 27. Cancelled
- 28. Cancelled

29. Cancelled
30. Cancelled
31. Cancelled
32. Cancelled
33. Cancelled
34. Cancelled
Please add the following new claims:
35. (New) The method according to claim 18, wherein the information includes a
sequence number to identify a data unit, thereby identifying the data unit that includes
the information.
36. (New) The method according to claim 18, wherein the recording medium further
comprises a lead-in area that includes information equal to the information of the burst
cutting area followed by the lead-in area, the method further comprising,
moving an optical pickup to read the information recorded on the burst cutting
area, and then identifying the information in the burst cutting area.

- 37. (New) The method according to claim 18, wherein the identifying step identifies the information at an early stage of a drive start-up procedure.
- 38. (New) A method for recording or reproducing data on or from a high-density recording medium, comprising the steps of:

reading information included in a burst cutting area of the recording medium, the burst cutting area located at an inner area other than a lead-in area, and including a plurality of data units, the information included in at least one data unit and including at least a medium type information; and

controlling a data recording or reproducing operation, based on the read information.

- 39. (New) The method according to claim 38, wherein each data unit comprises a plurality of information bytes, the information included in at least one information byte of the data unit.
- 40. (New) The method according to claim 38, wherein the information further includes layer information to indicate the number of layers included in the recording medium, thereby identifying the number of layers of the recording medium.
- 41. (New) The method according to claim 40, further comprising:

processing the read information included in at least one data unit to identify the information.

- 42. (New) The method according to claim 41, wherein the information is repeatedly included in each data unit, wherein the processing step processes the read information included in each data unit to identify the information.
- 43. (New) The method according to claim 38, wherein the medium type information represents the type of a BD-ROM (BD-Read Only memory), a BD-R (BD-Recordable), or a BD-RE (BD-Rewritable).
- 44. (New) The method according to claim 38, wherein the information includes a reflectivity information of the recording medium, thereby controlling an optical power or an automatic gain for a recording or reproducing operation.
- 45. (New) The method according to claim 38, wherein the information includes a sequence number to identify a data unit, thereby identifying the data unit that includes the information.
- 46. (New) The method according to claim 38, wherein the reading step reads the information preferentially when the recording medium is loaded in a recording or reproducing apparatus.

- 47. (New) The method according to claim 38, wherein the reading step reads the information in early stage for recording or reproducing data on or from the recording medium.
- 48. (New) The method according to claim 38, wherein the reading step reads the information at early stage of drive start-up procedure.
- 49. (New) The method according to claim 38, wherein the lead-in area includes information equal to the information of the burst cutting area, the method further comprising,

moving an optical pickup to first read the information recorded on the burst cutting area.